

Section: HR

Policy: Human Resources	
Policy Title: HR-04 Overtime	
Developed By: Human Resources	Original Date of Policy: 5/1/2004 Reviewed Date: 3/1/2021 Revised Date: 3/1/2021
Policy Owner: William Nickerson, Manager Compensation/Admin	Approved by: Bart Metzger, SVP, Human Resources UMass Memorial Health Care
Applicability : All Marlborough Hospital employees. To the extent a conflict exists between this policy and a collective bargaining agreement, the collective bargaining agreement will control.	
Keywords: Overtime, OT, Scheduled Hours, Authorized Time	

Policy

To identify the circumstances and establish the parameters under which the payment of overtime is required.

All non-exempt employees will be paid one and one-half times their regular rate for all authorized time worked (in increments of fifteen minutes) in excess of forty (40) straight-time worked hours in a work week. If employees are unclear as to whether or not they qualify for overtime pay, employees should speak to their manager or supervisor.

Employees are not permitted to work overtime without the prior approval of the employee's manager or supervisor. Employees will be paid for all overtime work but may be subject to discipline up to and including termination if the overtime work was not pre-authorized. If an employee has worked unauthorized overtime, the employee's manager or supervisor should:

- 1) Discuss with the employee the need to obtain authorization to work in excess of the employee's scheduled hours;
- 2) Document the discussion with the employee; and
- 3) Maintain the documentation in the employee file.

Managers, supervisors, and employees, together with the Human Resources department are responsible for complying with this policy. Employees are responsible for accurately reporting all time worked including overtime hours.

Definitions

Non-exempt: A position subject to the overtime provisions of the Fair Labor Standards Act (the "FLSA").

Work Day: The 24-hour period starting 6:45AM. The typical work day is an eight-hour shift. The shift length for a non-exempt employee may, however, vary by shift and by unit. All shifts are typically eight and one-half hours with one 30-minute consecutive uninterrupted unpaid meal period. (Please see HR6: Hours of Work, Meal Periods and Work Breaks for details).

Work Week: The regular workweek shall be a five-day, forty-hour week although there are exceptions under flexible scheduling programs. The workweek begins at 6:45 AM on Sunday and ends at 6:44 AM the following Sunday. Any work shift which begins during one workweek and extends into the next workweek will be recorded on payroll time sheets as time worked on the day in which the shift began. For example, a shift which begins Saturday night at 11:00 and extends until 7:15 Sunday morning will be recorded as work performed on Saturday. (Please see HR6: Hours of Work, Meal Periods and Work Breaks for details).

Required Criteria for Procedure (if indicated)

- A. To ensure the ongoing effective operations, employees may be required to work reasonable amounts of overtime on an as-needed basis beyond his/her normally scheduled workday or work week. Managers should provide advance approval (or direction) to employees for all anticipated overtime work. Managers will make reasonable efforts to distribute overtime assignments equitably among qualified employees in the same job title by rotating as fairly as possible.
- B. Non-exempt employees will be paid time and one-half (1½) their regular rate of pay for time worked beyond forty (40) hours in a workweek. The "regular rate" of pay includes such things as on-call pay, charge pay, and shift or weekend differentials for the particular work week.
- C. If an employee is on an approved vacation, and the employee is asked to work during that vacation period, s/he will be paid for all hours worked at a rate of time and one-half his/her regular rate of pay (and there will be no deduction made from that employee's CARE Time accrual). Senior Management approval is required before contacting the employee.
- D. For purposes of determining overtime eligibility, actual *worked* hours <u>will</u> be included in the computing of eligible overtime hours. <u>Unworked</u> hours or paid time off for which CARE Time is used, for purposes of vacation or sick time, <u>will not</u> be included in the hours for determining overtime eligibility. For example, if an employee takes CARE Time one day / Vacation during the week, works regularly scheduled hours and then picks up another 8 hour shift to fill an <u>authorized</u> staffing need at the end of the week, those unworked hours for the CARE Time day off will <u>not</u> count toward the forty hours for overtime eligibility. In the above stated situation, the methodology for determining the number of hours to be paid for the week shall be as follows:
 - 8 Hours CARE Time/ Vacation payment Straight time
 - 32 Hours Regular Straight time
 - 8 Hours Additional shift Straight time

48 Hours – Total hours paid at straight time

<u>Unworked</u> hours or paid time off for which CARE Time is used, for purposes of paying **holiday** time that falls on a regularly scheduled work day, <u>will</u> be included in the hours for determining overtime eligibility.

8 Hours – CARE Time/ Holiday payment – Straight time
32 Hours – Regular - Straight time
8 Hours – Additional shift – Time and one-half

40 Hours – paid at straight time 8 Hours- paid at Time and one-half

In situations where the working of an additional shift to fill an authorized staffing need during a week in which CARE Time is used will result in the employee being eligible for additional hours over scheduled hours, the employee has the option to request that the CARE Time be retained in the CARE Time accrual bank thereby reducing the actual number of hours paid for the week to scheduled hours or the employee may be paid for additional hours over scheduled hours (See HR9, CARE Time Policy).

E. Holiday hours <u>worked</u> will be paid at the time and one-half rate. The worked Holiday hours paid at this rate <u>will also be</u> included when calculating the number of hours worked in the workweek for purposes of determining overtime eligibility. For example, if an employee works a Hospital-designated holiday on Monday, plus their regular 32 hours in that week, any additional time the employee works during that one-week period, will be paid at an overtime rate. Employees working the day of a Holiday will be paid for the hours actually worked that day and not paid via CARE Time for that shift.

F. There shall be no pyramiding or duplicating of overtime. For example, if an eligible employee has been paid time and one-half for call-back pay, those overtime hours cannot be included when calculating the number of hours worked in the work week.

Clinical/Departmental Procedure (if indicated)

N/A

Supplemental Materials

N/A

Rescission

This policy rescinds former policy HR4 dated 8/01/2003, 5/1/04, 6/1/06 and becomes effective upon issuance Previously Reviewed: 6/30/2017

References

N/A